Cause, prevention and treatment of postpartum hemorrhage: 124 cases report

MA Hai-rong
(Maternal and Child Health Hospital in Fangshan District of Beijing, Beijing 102488, China)

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[Author]: MA Hai-rong (1973-), Beijing, Attending Physician, Tel: 13681382319, Email: 1318510625@qq.com.

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View from specialist: It is creative, and of certain scientific and educational value.

[ABSTRACT] Objective: To analyze the causes, prevention and treatment of postpartum hemorrhage.
Methods: Clinical data of 124 cases with postpartum hemorrhage were retrospectively analyzed. Results: Uterine inertia was the main cause for postpartum hemorrhage. Placental factors, injury of soft birth canal, coagulation and other factors were risks of postpartum hemorrhage. Compared with vaginal delivery, cesarean section was more likely to induce postpartum hemorrhage. Control and prevention measures and maternal health during pregnancy could significantly reduce the incidence of postpartum hemorrhage. Conclusions: Postpartum hemorrhage is caused by various reasons and risk factors. Early diagnosis of risk factors and timely symptomatic treatment are key measures to reduce its incidence.

[KEY WORDS] Postpartum hemorrhage; Cause analysis; Prevention measures